Independent Auditor's Report and Consolidated Financial Statements

March 31, 2023 and 2022

March 31, 2023 and 2022

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Front Porch Communities and Services Glendale, California

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Front Porch Communities and Services (the Corporation), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the years then ended and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Corporation as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 and the consolidated results of its operations, changes in its net assets, and its cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Covia Affordable Communities, a wholly owned subsidiary, which statements reflect total assets constituting 17% and 16% of consolidated total assets at March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and total revenues constituting 7% and 24% of consolidated total revenues for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Covia Affordable Communities, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Corporation and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Corporation's



Board of Directors Front Porch Communities and Services Page 2

ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that these consolidated financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the consolidated financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The consolidating schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS.

Board of Directors Front Porch Communities and Services Page 3

In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

FORVIS, LLP

Tulsa, Oklahoma July 28, 2023

Consolidated Balance Sheets March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Assets

	2023	2022
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 54,383	\$ 58,539
Short-term investments	7,701	14,899
Assets limited as to use – required for current liabilities	15,404	17,059
Resident and patient accounts receivable	14,782	9,377
Prepaid expenses and other	12,109	11,801
Total current assets	104,379	111,675
Investments		
Assets limited as to use, net of current portion	58,177	52,885
Long-term investments	464,576	543,714
Total investments	522,753	596,599
Property and Equipment, Net	1,193,981	1,168,465
Other Assets		
Receivable from supporting organization	850	1,063
ROU assets – operating leases	8,811	9,941
Other receivables	1,219	1,588
Other assets	15,882	15,944
In-place leases	52,376	61,899
Net pension asset	4,031	3,373
Total other assets	83,169	93,808
Total assets	\$ 1,904,282	\$ 1,970,547

Consolidated Balance Sheets, continued March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Liabilities and Net Assets

	2023	2022	
Current Liabilities			
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 8,966	\$ 8,951	
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	1,964	2,120	
Accounts payable	23,874	20,422	
Accrued payroll and related expenses	16,419	15,863	
Accrued interest	6,645	7,332	
Other accrued expenses	25,076	22,261	
Total current liabilities	82,944	76,949	
Other Liabilities			
Asset retirement obligations	1,707	1,948	
Accrued workers' compensation	6,114	7,124	
Operating lease liabilities	7,828	9,070	
Other accrued liabilities	19,957	21,386	
Refundable entrance fees	120,687	136,872	
Deferred revenue from entrance fees	239,011	225,133	
Long-term debt	456,827	466,093	
Total liabilities	935,075	944,575	
Net Assets			
Without donor restrictions	933,739	990,710	
With donor restrictions	35,468	35,262	
Total net assets	969,207	1,025,972	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 1,904,282	\$ 1,970,547	

Consolidated Statements of Operations Years Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

		2023		2022
Revenues, Gains, and Other Support Without Donor Restrictions				
Resident and patient service revenue	\$	312,007	\$	297,061
Amortization of entrance fees	Ψ	37,371	Ψ	38,121
Affordable housing fees and rents		31,053		29,746
Other		2,496		3,462
Net assets released from restrictions used for operations		3,204		4,072
Total revenues, gains, and other support without donor restrictions		386,131		372,462
Expenses				
Medical services		85,204		78,035
Facility operating costs		47,962		40,257
Dietary services		57,110		54,462
Residential services		32,585		31,098
Administrative services		79,031		72,996
Depreciation		70,829		64,557
Amortization of deferred costs		272		272
Interest expense and other financing costs		13,377		14,725
Program expenses		3,422		3,528
Other		8,914		11,367
Total expenses		398,706		371,297
Operating Income (Loss) Before Other Operating Activities		(12,575)		1,165
Other Operating Activities				
COVID-19-related income		-		1,700
COVID-19-related expenses		(1,548)		(3,453)
Amortization of acquired intangible assets and other		(10,401)		(15,866)
Total other operating activities		(11,949)		(17,619)
Operating Loss		(24,524)		(16,454)
Other Income (Expense)				
Investment return, net		(32,977)		28,172
Other components of net periodic benefit cost		1,910		1,667
Inherent contribution		-		651,738
Loss on extinguishment of debt		<u>-</u>		(5,617)
Total other income (expense)		(31,067)		675,960
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenses		(55,591)		659,506
Net Assets Released from Restrictions on Acquisition		-		8,527
Change in Pension Benefit Obligation		(1,380)		2,965
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	\$	(56,971)	\$	670,998

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets Years Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

	2023	2022
Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses Net assets released from restrictions on acquisition Change in pension benefit obligation	\$ (55,591) - (1,380)	\$ 659,506 8,527 2,965
Increase (decrease) in net assets without donor restrictions	(56,971)	670,998
Net Assets with Donor Restrictions Contributions received and investment return Changes in split-interest gift agreements Change in beneficial interest in perpetual trusts and annuities Inherent contribution Net assets released from restrictions on acquisition Net assets released from restrictions used for operations Increase in net assets with donor restrictions	3,824 (131) (283) - (3,204) 206	6,558 85 418 11,024 (8,527) (4,072)
Change in Net Assets	(56,765)	676,484
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	1,025,972	349,488
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 969,207	\$ 1,025,972

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

		2023		2022
Operating Activities				
Cash received from residents	\$	308,016	\$	300,370
Proceeds from entrance fees received	Ψ	56,878	Ψ	75,406
Cash received from affordable housing services		29,831		30,688
Other receipts from operations		1,663		3,462
Unrestricted contributions received		4,133		4,237
Unrestricted investment income received		11,187		17,082
Cash paid to suppliers, employees, and others		(317,652)		(311,533)
Cash paid for interest on long-term debt, net of amounts capitalized		(15,541)		(11,774)
Net cash provided by operating activities		78,515		107,938
Investing Activities				
Capital expenditures		(94,700)		(87,776)
Proceeds from sale of trading investments		547,038		227,665
Purchase of trading investments		(512,023)		(208,737)
Purchase of assets limited as to use		(3,626)		(13,632)
Proceeds from sale of assets limited as to use		7,965		18,758
Repayment from Brookmore Apartment Corporation		-		200
Net cash acquired in acquisition of FPC Foundation		-		1,618
Net cash acquired in acquisition of Covia			•	32,466
Net cash used in investing activities		(55,346)		(29,438)
Financing Activities				
Refunds of entrance fees		(20,460)		(22,064)
Principal payments on long-term debt		(8,113)		(7,446)
Principal payments on refinancing of long-term debt		-		(329,255)
Proceeds from Series 2021 debt issuance		-		328,338
Costs of issuance of Series 2021A and 2021B bond financing		-		(3,107)
Debt extinguishment costs		-		(4,494)
Proceeds from contributions for purchases of property and equipment		1,248		1,899
Net cash used in financing activities		(27,325)		(36,129)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(4,156)		42,371
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		58,539		16,168
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	54,383	\$	58,539

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, continued Years Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

	2023		2022	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Change in net assets	\$	(56,765)	\$	676,484
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided		(, ,		,
by operating activities				
Depreciation		70,829		64,557
Noncash operating lease expense		1,130		1,785
Gain on disposal of assets		-		231
Amortization of deferred costs		272		272
Accretion of asset retirement obligations		(67)		(88)
Amortization of bond premium included in interest expense		(1,410)		(950)
Amortization of acquired intangible assets and other		10,401		15,866
Entrance fees received		56,878		75,406
Amortization of entrance fees		(37,371)		(38,121)
Pension asset		(658)		(4,764)
Realized and unrealized gain on investments, net		43,345		(13,217)
Unrealized loss on derivative financial instruments, net		-		75
Change in receivable from supporting organization		213		66
Loss on extinguishment of debt		-		5,617
Proceeds from contributions restricted by donor		(1,248)		(1,899)
Inherent contribution in acquisitions		-		(662,762)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Accounts receivable, net		(5,213)		4,443
Prepaid expenses and other		21		(2,202)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		2,169		(11,172)
Operating leases		(1,398)		(2,011)
Other accrued liabilities		(2,613)		322
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	78,515	\$	107,938
Supplemental Cash Flows Information				
Property and equipment purchases included in accounts payable				
and other accrued expenses	\$	12,379	\$	10,734
Entrance fees included in accounts receivable	\$	985	\$	724
Operating lease obligations incurred for equipment and rental space	\$	898	\$	141

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, continued Years Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

In 2022, the Corporation acquired all of the assets of Covia through a change in control. In conjunction with the acquisition, liabilities were assumed as follows:

Fair value of assets acquired	\$ 1,129,071
Fair value of liabilities assumed	472,303
Inherent contribution	\$ 656,768
In 2022, the Corporation acquired all of the assets of FPC Foundation through a change in control. In conjunction with the acquisition, liabilities were assumed as follows:	
Fair value of assets acquired	\$ 35,977
Fair value of the Corporation's previously held beneficial interest in FPC Foundation and receivables from supporting organizations Fair value of liabilities assumed	28,773 1,210
Inherent contribution	\$ 5,994

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

Front Porch Communities and Services (the Corporation) is a California nonprofit public benefit corporation as described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code). The Corporation is exempt from federal income taxes on related income pursuant to Section 501 of the Code and is also exempt from state franchise taxes under similar provisions for the state of California. The Corporation owns and operates continuing care retirement communities (CCRC), other multilevel retirement communities, and other operations providing services that enhance the quality of life for those served through independent retirement living, assisted living, memory care, skilled nursing, social services, affordable housing, and contract management of subsidized housing.

Obligated Group

Certain operations of the Corporation, hereinafter referred to as the Obligated Group, are aggregated to facilitate long-term borrowings and include the following entities along with the Corporation:

Covia Communities

Covia Communities (the Communities) was a California nonprofit public benefit corporation that provides housing-related communities and services for elderly persons on a nonprofit, religious, and charitable basis. The Communities operated six active CCRCs. Effective April 1, 2022, the Communities was merged into the Corporation.

Covia Group

Covia Group (the Group) was a California nonprofit benefit corporation. The Corporation was the sole corporate member of the Group. Effective April 1, 2022, the Group was merged into the Corporation.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Below is a recap of the communities included within the Obligated Group as of March 31, 2023:

Community	City	Type	Residential Living Units	Memory Care Units	Care Center Beds	Total Units/Beds
-	•	. , pc	U III.U	- Cinto	2000	Omto/Boas
Front Porch Communities and Se	ervices					
Owned Communities						
Canterbury Woods	Pacific Grove, CA	CCRC	153	-	24	177
Carlsbad by the Sea	Carlsbad, CA	CCRC	159	-	33	192
Casa de Mañana	La Jolla, CA	Rental	182	-	-	182
Claremont Manor	Claremont, CA	Rental	218	17	59	294
Fredericka Manor	Chula Vista, CA	Rental	272	22	174	468
Friends House	Santa Rosa, CA	CCRC	92	-	-	92
Kingsley Manor	Los Angeles, CA	Rental	216	-	51	267
San Francisco Towers	San Francisco, CA	CCRC	253	12	23	288
Spring Lake Village	Santa Rosa, CA	CCRC	349	11	70	430
St. Paul's Towers	Oakland, CA	CCRC	216	7	43	266
Sunny View Retirement						
Community	Cupertino, CA	CCRC	93	23	48	164
Villa Gardens	Pasadena, CA	CCRC	195	19	54	268
Vista del Monte	Santa Barbara, CA	CCRC	169	24	_	193
Walnut Village	Anaheim, CA	CCRC	156	14	_	170
Webster House	Palo Alto, CA	CCRC	38	-	75	113
Wesley Palms	San Diego, CA	Rental	293	22	-	315
Leased Communities						
Cecil Pines	Jacksonville, FL	Rental	92	-	_	92
El Sombroso Oaks	Los Gatos, CA	Rental	22	_	_	22
England Oaks	Alexandria, LA	Rental	182		=	182
Total Obligated Group			3,350	171	654	4,175

Nonobligated Group

The following wholly owned subsidiaries of the Corporation are not members of the Obligated Group and are included under various other columns in the accompanying consolidating schedules (as noted below):

Front Porch Communities Foundation

Front Porch Communities Foundation (FPC Foundation) is a California nonprofit benefit corporation whose primary purpose is to raise funds on behalf of the Corporation and to administer those funds for the needs of the Corporation. The Corporation is the sole member of FPC Foundation. FPC Foundation is included as "Foundation" on the accompanying consolidating schedules.

Covia Foundation

Covia Foundation was a California nonprofit benefit corporation whose primary purpose was to raise funds on behalf of the Communities and to administer those funds for the needs of the

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Communities. The Communities was the sole member of the Foundation. Effective April 1, 2022, Covia Foundation was merged into FPC Foundation.

Covia Affordable Communities

Covia Affordable Communities (CAC) is the sole member of Community Housing, Inc. (CHI), which owns and operates a 220-apartment affordable senior residential community (Lytton I) and a 100-unit apartment complex, consisting of 50 residential care apartments and 50 independent living apartments (Lytton II). CAC is also the sole corporate member of Lytton IV Housing Corporation (Lytton IV), which owns and operates a 51-unit apartment affordable senior residential community. CHI and Lytton IV are California nonprofit public benefit corporations located in Palo Alto. CAC is also the sole member of five other California nonprofit public benefit corporations that own and operate affordable senior housing communities, namely, Oak Center Towers (OCT), a 196-unit apartment complex for elderly or disabled persons in Oakland (the Project); Presidio Gate Apartments (PGA), a 54-unit apartment complex for elderly or disabled persons in San Francisco; Jennings Senior Housing, Inc. (JSH), a 54-unit apartment complex for elderly or disabled persons in Santa Rosa; Bethany Center Senior Housing (BCSH), which operates a 135-unit apartment complex for low-income seniors located in San Francisco; and Shires Memorial Center (SMC), a 99-unit apartment complex for low-income and senior-restricted community in San Jose. OCT, PGA, and JSH are operated under regulatory agreements with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). OCT, in turn, is the general partner of Oak Centers, L.P. (OCLP), a California limited partnership organized as a low-income housing tax credit vehicle that purchased the Project from OCT in order to refinance, rehabilitate, own, and operate OCLP.

BCSH was the sole member of Bethany Center Foundation of San Francisco (BCF), a nonprofit public benefit corporation organized to provide financial, administrative, programmatic, and other forms of support to BCSH. Effective April 1, 2022, BCF was merged into FPC Foundation.

The Corporation is the sole corporate member of CAC. CAC is included in the "Affordable Housing" column on the accompanying consolidating schedules. Effective July 1, 2023, CAC was merged into CARING Housing Ministries, Inc. (CARING).

CARING Housing Ministries, Inc.

CARING manages 24 HUD-subsidized and tax credit facilities, which provide housing to approximately 2,300 residents. CARING's managed facilities are located throughout California and in Glendale, Arizona. CARING's management fees received from clients are based on a percentage of its clients' operating revenues or are earned on a per-unit-per-month basis. CARING is a California nonprofit corporation, and the Corporation is the sole corporate member of CARING. CARING is included in the "Affordable Housing" column on the accompanying consolidating schedules.

Sunny View Lutheran Home

Sunny View Lutheran Home (Sunny View) (formerly, Sunny View West) is a California nonprofit corporation that owns a 100-unit, HUD-subsidized senior living facility located in Cupertino, California. Sunny View does not own or operate Sunny View Retirement Community, which is owned and operated by the Corporation. The Corporation is the sole corporate member of Sunny

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

View. Sunny View is included in the "Affordable Housing" column on the accompanying consolidating schedules.

Related Parties

The following related parties are not consolidated into the Corporation:

Front Porch Enterprises, Inc.

Front Porch Enterprises, Inc. (FPE) was created as a California nonprofit corporation in July 2006. FPE was formed to provide support, financial and otherwise, to organizations engaged in housing, health and human services, education, and research and to sponsor affordable housing communities. FPE serves as the sole corporate member of Front Porch Active Adult Communities, LLC and the sole shareholder of Front Porch Development Company, Inc., described below. The Corporation and FPE are not affiliated, though there is overlap in the membership of the two boards. FPE is not included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements because the Corporation does not control FPE through majority ownership or control of the majority voting interest of the board.

Front Porch Active Adult Communities, LLC

Front Porch Active Adult Communities, LLC (Active Adult Communities) was created in January 2006 as a Delaware for-profit limited liability company to own and operate active adult communities in Mexico and elsewhere. FPE is the sole member of Active Adult Communities.

The boards of FPE and Active Adult Communities agreed to dissolve these entities on July 8, 2014. The dissolutions will be effective upon resolution of all outstanding liabilities and filing of the appropriate legal documents. Operations previously performed by these entities began to be performed by the Corporation effective July 1, 2014 and, therefore, are included with the Corporation effective July 1, 2014. These entities have not yet been legally dissolved as of March 31, 2023.

Center for Technology Innovation and Wellbeing

Center for Technology Innovation and Wellbeing (CTIW) was formed in June 2008 as a nonprofit entity for the purpose of exploring innovative uses of technology to empower individuals to live well, especially in their later years. CTIW's bylaws provide that directors, officers, and employees of the Corporation are precluded from constituting a majority of CTIW's directors. As a result, CTIW is not included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements because the Corporation does not control CTIW through majority ownership or control of the majority voting interest of the board.

The board of CTIW agreed to dissolve this entity on March 6, 2015. The dissolution will be effective upon filing of the appropriate legal documents. Operations previously performed by CTIW began to be performed by the Corporation effective April 1, 2015. However, CTIW has not yet been legally dissolved as of March 31, 2023.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Common Control Transfers

On April 1, 2022, the Group, the Communities, Covia Foundation, and BCF legally dissolved. The Group and the Communities were subsumed into the Corporation; Covia Foundation and BCF were subsumed into FPC Foundation.

These events are considered to be under common control as the Corporation already had full control of all entities after the acquisition in 2022 (see *Note 2*).

All transferred assets, liabilities, and net assets were recorded at historical carrying value. The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been retrospectively adjusted to reflect the combination as of April 1, 2021. There is no impact on the consolidated financial statements. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation for the year ended March 31, 2022.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Obligated Group, CAC, CARING, FPC Foundation, and Sunny View. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents

The Corporation considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Uninvested cash and cash equivalents included in investment accounts, including assets limited as to use, are not considered to be cash and cash equivalents. At March 31, 2023 and 2022, cash equivalents consisted primarily of money market mutual funds of \$12,102 and \$11,549, respectively. These funds are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

At March 31, 2023, the Corporation's cash accounts exceeded federally insured limits by approximately \$16,000.

Investments and Net Investment Return

The Corporation measures debt and equity securities at fair value. Investments in private equity funds and hedge funds are recorded at net asset value (NAV), as a practical expedient, to determine

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

fair value of the investments. Gains and losses on the sale of securities are recorded on the trade date and are determined using the specific identification method.

Investment return includes dividend, interest, and other investment income; realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments carried at fair value; and realized gains and losses on other investments less external and direct internal investment expenses.

Investment return that is initially restricted by donor stipulation and for which the restriction will be satisfied in the same year is included in net assets without donor restrictions. Other investment return is reflected in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets with or without donor restrictions based upon the existence and nature of any donor or legally imposed restrictions.

Assets Limited as to Use

Assets limited as to use represent: (a) funds held by a trustee that are legally restricted for bond reserve accounts; (b) deposit subscriptions held in trust; (c) entrance fees refundable within the first 90 days of residency in accordance with state law; (d) assets restricted by the donor for specific purposes; (e) HUD facility reserves and tenant deposits held in accordance with regulatory agreements governing the operations of certain entities included in CAC and Sunny View requiring HUD approval prior to any withdrawals; and (f) assets held in escrow for payment of property taxes and insurance, debt service, owner repairs, and reserves for replacements pursuant to the loan agreements insured by HUD for certain entities included in CAC. Amounts required to meet certain current liabilities of the Corporation are classified as current assets.

Resident and Patient Accounts Receivable

Resident accounts receivable reflect the outstanding amount of consideration to which the Corporation expects to be entitled in exchange for providing resident care. These amounts are due from residents, third-party payors (including health insurers and government programs), and others. As a service to the resident, the Corporation bills third-party payors directly and bills the resident when the resident's responsibility for co-pays, co-insurance, and deductibles is determined. Resident accounts receivable are due in full when billed.

The Corporation performs individual credit risk assessments that evaluate the individual circumstances, abilities, and intentions of each resident prior to providing the patient care services. If, subsequent to providing the services, the Corporation becomes aware of patient-specific events, facts, or circumstances indicating patients no longer have the ability or intent to pay the amount of consideration to which the Corporation expects to be entitled for providing the patient care services, then the related patient receivable balances are written off as bad debt expense. There was no material bad debt expense recorded during the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment acquisitions by the Corporation exceeding \$1 with an estimated life of three or more years and property and equipment acquisitions by Covia (consisting of the Group, the

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Communities, CAC, and Covia Foundation) exceeding \$7.5 with an estimated life of three or more years are recorded at cost and depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset. Assets under leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or their respective estimated useful lives.

The estimated useful lives for each major depreciable classification of property and equipment are as follows:

Land improvements	2–40 years
Buildings and building and leasehold improvements	5-50 years
Equipment	3–25 years

Donations of property and equipment are reported at fair value as an increase in net assets without donor restrictions unless use of the assets is restricted by the donor. Monetary gifts that must be used to acquire property and equipment are reported as restricted support. The expiration of such restrictions is reported as an increase in net assets without donor restrictions when the donated asset is placed in service.

Long-Lived Asset Impairment

The Corporation evaluates the recoverability of the carrying value of long-lived assets whenever events or circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If a long-lived asset is tested for recoverability and the undiscounted estimated future cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the asset are less than the carrying amount of the asset, the asset cost is adjusted to fair value and an impairment loss is recognized as the amount by which the carrying amount of a long-lived asset exceeds its fair value.

No asset impairment was recorded during the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022.

Receivable from Supporting Organization

The Corporation recognizes its rights to assets held by a recipient organization in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 958, *Not-for-Profit Entities*. Such rights are recognized as an asset unless the donor has explicitly granted the recipient organization variance power, that is, the unilateral power to redirect the use of the assets. Those rights are either an interest in the net assets of the recipient organization, a beneficial interest in the recipient organization, or a receivable. The Corporation accounts for the rights related to California Lutheran Homes and Community Services as a receivable based on this guidance.

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs represent costs incurred in connection with the issuance of long-term debt. The Corporation records these costs as direct deductions from the related debt consistent with debt discounts or premiums. Such costs are being amortized over the term of the respective debt using the straight-line method, which is not materially different from using the effective interest method.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Deferred Revenue from Entrance Fees

Fees paid by residents upon entering into a continuing care contract, net of the portion thereof that is refundable to the resident, are recorded as deferred revenue and are amortized into income using the straight-line method over the estimated remaining life expectancy of the resident.

Estimated Future Service Obligation

Annually, the Corporation calculates the present value of the net cost of future services and the use of facilities to be provided to current residents by contract type and compares those amounts with the balance of deferred revenue from entrance fees. If the present value of the net cost of future services and the use of facilities exceeds the deferred revenue from entrance fees, a liability is recorded (estimated future service obligation) with a corresponding charge to income. While honoring previously issued contract types, the Corporation discontinued the use of all other contract types with the exception of Type B contracts. Type A contracts previously stipulated that the amount charged to the resident would not change when the resident's level of care changes; Type B contracts stipulate that the amount charged to the resident will change if the resident's level of care changes. The obligations for Type A and Type B contracts are discounted based on the Corporation's weighted-average borrowing rate. As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, there was no estimated future service obligation related to Type A or Type B contracts.

Net Assets

Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor restrictions.

Net assets without donor restrictions are available for use in general operations and not subject to donor restrictions. The governing board has designated, from net assets without donor restrictions, net assets for certain specified purposes, as detailed in *Note 14*.

Net assets with donor restrictions are subject to donor restrictions. Some restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity.

Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenses

The accompanying consolidated statements of operations include excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses. Changes in net assets without donor restrictions, which are excluded from excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses, consistent with industry practice, include contributions to affiliates, inherent contributions associated with acquisitions (*Note 2*), and the change in pension benefit obligation.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Resident and Patient Service Revenue

Resident and patient service revenue includes monthly fees from residents and patient service revenue. Monthly resident fees are recognized as revenue in the related month of occupancy. Patient service revenue is recognized as the Corporation satisfies performance obligations under its contracts with patients. Patient service revenue is reported at the estimated transaction price or amount that reflects the consideration to which the Corporation expects to be entitled in exchange for providing patient care to patients and others for services rendered. The Corporation determines the transaction price based on standard charges for goods and services provided, reduced by contractual adjustments provided to third-party payors.

Benefits to the Broader Community

The Corporation's retirement communities provide many benefits to the broader community. Most of these services are provided at no charge. Examples of these services include:

- Adult education classes
- Community centers used for other groups
- Retired Senior Volunteer Program
- Polling place for elections
- Adult literacy assistance services
- Meals on Wheels Program
- Training sites for various colleges, universities, and regional occupational programs
- Alzheimer's support groups

Contributions

Contributions are provided to the Corporation either with or without restrictions placed on the gift by the donor. Revenues and net assets are separately reported to reflect the nature of those gifts — with or without donor restrictions.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

The value recorded for each contribution is recognized as follows:

Nature of the Gift	Value Recognized
Conditional gifts, with or without restriction Gifts that depend on the Corporation overcoming a donor-imposed barrier to be entitled to the funds	Not recognized until the gift becomes unconditional, <i>i.e.</i> , the donor-imposed barrier is met
Unconditional gifts, with or without restriction Received at date of gift – cash and other assets	Fair value
Received at date of gift – property, equipment, and long-lived assets	Estimated fair value
Expected to be collected within one year	Net realizable value
Collected in future years	Initially reported at fair value determined using the discounted present value of estimated future cash flows technique

In addition to the amount initially recognized, revenue for unconditional gifts to be collected in future years is also recognized each year as the present-value discount is amortized using the level-yield method.

When a donor-stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of operations as net assets released from restrictions. Absent explicit donor stipulations for the period of time that long-lived assets must be held, expirations of restrictions for gifts of land, buildings, equipment, and other long-lived assets are reported when those assets are placed in service.

Gifts and investment income having donor stipulations that are satisfied in the period the gift is received are recorded as revenue and net assets without donor restrictions.

Conditional contributions having donor stipulations that are satisfied in the period the gift is received are recorded as revenue and net assets without donor restrictions.

Professional Liability and Workers' Compensation Claims

The Corporation recognizes an accrual for claim liabilities based on estimated ultimate losses and costs associated with settling claims and a receivable to reflect the estimated insurance recoveries, if any. Professional liability claims are described more fully in *Note 8*. Workers' compensation claims are described more fully in *Note 9*.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Income Taxes

The Corporation is a nonprofit organization as described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Code and has been recognized as exempt from federal income and state franchise taxes on related income pursuant to Section 509(a)(2) of the Code and similar provisions of the California Franchise Tax Code. However, the Corporation is subject to income taxes on any net income that is derived from a trade or business, regularly carried on, and not in furtherance of the purposes for which it was granted exemption. For the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, no income tax provision has been recorded as the net income from any unrelated trade or business, in the opinion of management, is not material to the accompanying consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. The Corporation files tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction.

Revisions

An immaterial revision has been made to the 2022 consolidated balance sheet to correct the classification of \$10,927 related to refundable entrance fees. This revision did not have a significant impact on the financial statement line items impacted.

An immaterial revision has been made to *Note 18* to correct the functional classification of \$9,686 in expenses. This revision did not have an impact on the consolidated balance sheet or the consolidated statement of changes in net assets.

An immaterial revision has been made to the 2022 consolidated statement of cash flows to break out \$1,785 of noncash operating lease expense from the changes in operating lease liabilities. There was no change to the overall cash provided by operating activities based on this revision.

Reclassification

A reclassification has been made to the 2022 consolidated financial statements to conform to the 2023 financial statement presentation. This reclassification had no effect on the change in net assets.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through July 28, 2023, which is the date the consolidated financial statements were issued.

Note 2: Acquisitions

Covia

On April 1, 2021, the Corporation acquired the net assets of the Group, the Communities, CAC, and Covia Foundation (collectively, Covia). Covia is a nonprofit organization that owns and operates CCRCs, other multilevel retirement communities, and other operations providing services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

that enhance the quality of life for those served through independent retirement living, assisted living, memory care, skilled nursing, social services, affordable housing, and contract management of subsidized housing. As a result of the acquisition, the Corporation will have an opportunity to expand its service area to include northern California. This acquisition was executed in order to improve service lines, expand the Corporation's and Covia's respective missions, and enhance corporate support functions. The acquisition was accomplished by the Corporation becoming the sole member of the acquired organizations, and no consideration was or will be transferred for the acquisition.

Acquisition-related costs incurred during the year ended March 31, 2022 were not significant and are included in administrative services on the accompanying consolidated statement of operations.

The following table summarizes the amounts of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed recognized at April 1, 2021:

Recognized Amounts of Identifiable Assets Acquired and	
Liabilities Assumed	
Current assets	\$ 233,080
Assets limited as to use	33,424
Property, plant, and equipment	764,038
Identifiable intangible assets	76,985
Other noncurrent assets	21,544
Current liabilities	22,839
Long-term debt and lease liabilities	204,942
Repayable and refundable entrance fees	61,453
Deferred revenue from entrance fees	168,347
Pension benefit obligation	1,391
Other noncurrent liabilities	 13,331
Total identifiable net assets – contribution received	\$ 656,768

Acquired assets include accounts receivable recorded at their estimated fair value of \$8,391. None of these accounts receivable were deemed to be uncollectible at the acquisition date.

The Corporation elected the accounting alternative provided in Accounting Standards Update 2019-06, *Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (Topic 350), Business Combinations (Topic 805), and Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958).* Under this alternative, certain customer-related intangible assets and noncompetition agreements are no longer required to be recognized separately in the accounting for a business combination.

The weighted-average amortization period of acquired intangible assets (in-place leases) is seven years.

The acquisition resulted in an inherent contribution received of \$656,768, which represents the net recognized amount of the identifiable assets acquired over the liabilities assumed. This amount has

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

been included as inherent contribution on the accompanying consolidated statement of changes in net assets.

This inherent contribution is recorded in net assets without and with donor restrictions based on the underlying assets acquired and is as follows:

Inherent contribution without donor restrictions	\$	646,900
Inherent contribution with donor restrictions		9,868
	_ \$	656,768

Covia contributed revenues of \$186,590, deficiency of revenues over expenses of \$18,577, and changes in net assets without and with donor restrictions of \$(15,612) and \$1,100, respectively, to the Corporation for the period from April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022.

Front Porch Communities Foundation

Pacific Homes Foundation (PH Foundation), FACT Foundation (FACT), and Sunny View Lutheran Communities and Services (SVLCS) are supporting organizations established for the charitable purpose of promoting and supporting the work of the Corporation and the retirement communities. Effective April 1, 2021, these three supporting foundations merged, with PH Foundation as the surviving entity. In connection with the merger, PH Foundation changed its name to Front Porch Communities Foundation.

On April 1, 2021, the Corporation acquired the net assets of Front Porch Communities Foundation (FPC Foundation). FPC Foundation is a nonprofit organization established for the charitable purpose of promoting and supporting the work of the Corporation and the retirement communities. As a result of the acquisition, the Corporation will better align the organizations that support the Corporation. The acquisition was accomplished by the Corporation becoming the sole member of FPC Foundation, and no consideration was or will be transferred for the acquisition.

Through March 31, 2021, the Corporation recorded a beneficial interest in PH Foundation and receivables from supporting organizations related to FACT and SVLCS.

Acquisition-related costs incurred during the year ended March 31, 2022 were not significant.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

The following table summarizes the amounts of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed recognized at April 1, 2021:

Fair Value of the Corporation's Previously Held Beneficial Interes in FPC Foundation and Receivables from Supporting	t	
Organizations	\$	28,773
Recognized Amounts of Identifiable Assets Acquired and		
Liabilities Assumed		
Cash and cash equivalents		1,618
Contributions receivable		322
Prepaid expenses and other		31
Investments		10,170
Externally restricted and board-designated investments		22,702
Beneficial interest in perpetual trust		1,134
Accounts payable and designated by donors for other beneficiaries		14
Annuities and trusts payable		1,196
Total identifiable net assets – contribution received	\$	5,994

The acquisition resulted in an inherent contribution received of \$5,994, which represents the net recognized amount of the identifiable assets acquired over the liabilities assumed. This amount has been included as inherent contribution on the accompanying consolidated statement of changes in net assets.

This inherent contribution is recorded in net assets without and with donor restrictions based on the underlying assets acquired and is as follows:

Inherent contribution without donor restrictions Inherent contribution with donor restrictions	\$ 4,838 1,156
	\$ 5,994

FPC Foundation contributed revenues of \$4,084, excess of revenues over expenses of \$3,199, and changes in net assets without and with donor restrictions of \$3,199 and \$1,718, respectively, for the period from April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022.

Note 3: Concentration of Credit Risk

The Corporation grants credit without collateral to its skilled nursing patients, most of whom are area residents and are insured under third-party payor agreements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

The mix of net receivables related to skilled nursing services from patients and third-party payors at March 31 was:

	2023	2022
Medicare	26%	26%
Medi-Cal (including Medi-Cal managed care payors)	45%	40%
PPO/HMO (other contracted payors)	15%	20%
Patients and other	14%	14%
	100%	100%

Note 4: Investments and Investment Return

Investments and assets limited as to use at fair value consisted of the following at March 31:

	2023		2022	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	41,594	\$	47,593
Money market mutual funds		5,025		5,265
Certificates of deposit		1,957		841
Commodity mutual funds		14,176		17,043
Other mutual funds		64,849		73,465
U.S. Treasury and U.S. agency securities		28,111		9,145
Equity securities – domestic		190,136		254,812
Equity securities – international		122,473		112,556
Municipal securities		1,298		-
Corporate bonds and commerical paper		59,031		91,600
Alternative investments		16,240		15,115
Beneficial interest in perpetual trust		968		1,122
	\$	545,858	\$	628,557

The Corporation invests in certain mutual funds that have required holding periods and varying redemption penalties if sold prior to the end of the holding period. However, at March 31, 2023 and 2022, none of the mutual funds held by the Corporation were subject to any redemption provisions.

FPC Foundation is the beneficiary under a perpetual trust administered by an outside party. Under the terms of the trust, FPC Foundation has the irrevocable right to receive income earned on the trust assets in perpetuity but never receives the assets held in trust. The estimated value of the expected future cash flows at March 31, 2023 and 2022 is \$968 and \$1,122, respectively, which represents the fair value of FPC Foundation's portion of the trust assets and is included in assets limited as to use on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Assets limited as to use consisted of amounts with restrictions for the following purposes as of March 31:

	2023	2022
Held by trustee under indenture agreements for bond fund		
and other reserves	\$ 15,269	\$ 15,206
HUD facility reserves	22,749	22,269
Held by trustee under indenture agreements for construction	9,350	9,350
Other held by trustee	-	25
Deposit subscriptions held in trust	-	1,793
Restricted by donors for capital expenditures	-	10
Charitable remainder trusts and gift annuities	10,261	4,872
Endowment funds	14,984	15,271
Beneficial interest in perpetual trust	968	1,122
Resident deposits held in trust	 	 26
	\$ 73,581	\$ 69,944

Total investment return is comprised of the following for the years ended March 31 and is included in net assets without donor restrictions:

	 2023	2022
Interest and dividend income	\$ 12,154	\$ 17,082
Realized gains on sales of securities, net	15,520	30,863
Unrealized losses on investments valued at fair value, net	(58,865)	(17,646)
Unrealized losses on derivative financial instruments, net	-	(2)
Investment fees	 (1,786)	 (2,125)
Investment return, net	\$ (32,977)	\$ 28,172

The change in net assets with donor restrictions for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 includes investment return of \$(979) and \$648, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Note 5: Property and Equipment

A summary of property and equipment at March 31 follows:

	2023	2022
Land and land improvements	\$ 376,781	\$ 371,788
Buildings and building improvements	1,012,172	1,043,882
Leasehold improvements	11,388	14,819
Equipment	236,368	261,636
Construction in progress	47,598	28,880
	1,684,307	1,721,005
Less accumulated depreciation	490,326	552,540
	\$ 1,193,981	\$ 1,168,465

Note 6: Receivable from Supporting Organization

California Lutheran Homes (CLH) is a nonprofit corporation established for the charitable purpose of promoting and supporting the work of the Corporation and the retirement communities. CLH has a separate board of directors over which the Corporation does not exercise control.

CLH is not organized solely for the benefit of the Corporation and, upon dissolution, the net assets may be directed to other nonprofit organizations. Consequently, the Corporation records a receivable from CLH related only to those net assets restricted by the donor for the benefit of the Corporation.

As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, the receivable from supporting organization related to CLH is \$850 and \$1,063, respectively.

Note 7: Acquired Intangible Assets

The carrying basis and accumulated amortization of recognized intangible assets (in-place leases) at March 31 was:

		2023	2022
Carrying basis Accumulated amortization	\$	76,985 (24,609)	\$ 76,985 (15,086)
	<u>\$</u>	52,376	\$ 61,899

Amortization expense for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$9,523 and \$15,086, respectively. Estimated amortization expense for each of the following five years is \$9,523.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Note 8: Professional Liability Claims

The Corporation purchases professional and general liability insurance under claims-made policies. Under such a policy, only claims made and reported to the insurer during the policy term, regardless of when the incidents giving rise to the claims occurred, are covered. The Corporation also purchases excess umbrella liability coverage, which provides additional coverage above the basic policy limits up to the amount specified in the umbrella policy.

Based upon the Corporation's claims experience, no accrual had been made for the Corporation's portion of malpractice costs as of March 31, 2023 and 2022. It is reasonably possible this estimate could change materially in the near term.

Note 9: Workers' Compensation

The Corporation self-insures its workers' compensation claims in California. In addition, for the year ended March 31, 2023, the Corporation had an excess workers' compensation policy in place for individual claims exceeding \$1,000. This policy had a maximum coverage limit of \$25,000. For the year ended March 31, 2022, the Corporation had an excess workers' compensation policy in place for individual claims exceeding \$750 and Covia had an excess workers' compensation policy in place for individual claims exceeding \$1,500. The Corporation's and Covia's policies had a maximum coverage limit of \$25,000 and \$10,000, respectively, for the year ended March 31, 2022

Amounts accrued to cover potential workers' compensation claims, based on actuarial valuation, as of March 31 are as follows:

	2023	2022
Estimated amounts expected to be paid Within one year, included in accrued payroll and related expenses In excess of one year, included in accrued workers' compensation	\$ 2,746 6,114	\$ 1,530 7,124
	\$ 8,860	\$ 8,654

While the ultimate amount of claims to be incurred is dependent on future developments, the Corporation's management believes the aggregate accrual is adequate to cover such amounts. However, by their nature, the amounts recorded are estimates and actual results could differ from the amounts recorded.

The liability for expected workers' compensation claims is presented excluding expected insurance recoveries. Estimated insurance recovery receivables of \$471 and \$840 are included as other receivables in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Note 10: Trusts and Annuities Payable

FPC Foundation and Covia Foundation have been the recipient of several charitable remainder trusts and gift annuities that require future payments to the donor or their named beneficiaries. The assets received from the donor are recorded at fair value and included in assets limited as to use on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. FPC Foundation and Covia Foundation have recorded a liability at March 31, 2023 and 2022 of \$5,459 and \$4,622, respectively, which represents the present value of the remaining payment obligations. This liability is included in other accrued liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The liability has been determined using a discount rate of 3.65% to 6.00% in 2023 and 2022.

Note 11: Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt at March 31:

	2023		2022	
Series 2021A Revenue Bonds (A)	\$	198,270	\$	198,940
Series 2021B Revenue Bonds (B)		100,375		106,625
Series 2017A Revenue Bonds (C)		96,610		97,565
HUD Section 202 Capital Advance – Lytton IV (D)		5,739		5,739
City of Palo Alto note – Lytton IV (E)		460		460
Mortgage payable – PGA (F)		4,685		4,803
HUD Section 202 Capital Advance – JSH (G)		6,871		6,871
Housing Authority of the City of Santa Rosa note – JSH (H)		4,985		4,985
Affordable Housing Program subsidy – JSH (I)		216		216
Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds 2005 Series L – OCT (J)		2,720		2,820
HUD Section 221(d)(4) mortgage – BCSH (K)		22,409		22,682
		443,340		451,706
Plus unamortized premium		27,183		28,592
Less unamortized debt issuance costs		(4,730)		(5,254)
Less current maturities		(8,966)		(8,951)
	\$	456,827	\$	466,093

- (A) Series 2021A Revenue Bonds issued by California Statewide Communities Development Authority (CSCDA); interest at 2.50% to 5.00%, paid semiannually; principal due in varying installments through 2051, paid annually. Unamortized debt issuance costs were \$1,928 and \$1,990 at March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The effective interest rate was 3.55% and 2.00% for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- (B) Series 2021B Revenue Bonds (Federally Taxable) issued by CSCDA; interest at 0.52% to 2.64%, paid semiannually; principal in varying installments through 2036, paid annually. Unamortized debt issuance costs were \$889 and \$1,009 at March 31, 2023 and 2022,

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

respectively. The effective interest rate was 2.00% and 1.07% for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The bonds issued in (A) and (B) above were issued to refinance certain previously outstanding debt of the Corporation, including debt that was acquired from Covia (*Note 2*). The bonds were used to refinance \$336,034 of previously outstanding debt, provide \$10,000 in project funds, and pay costs of issuance.

- (C) Series 2017A Revenue Bonds issued by CSCDA; interest at 3.50% to 5.00%, paid semiannually; principal due in varying installments through 2047, paid annually. Unamortized debt issuance costs were \$1,334 and \$1,395 at March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The effective interest rate was 4.52% and 4.48% for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- (D) HUD Section 202 Capital Advance; dated November 26, 1993; secured by first deed of trust on real property; bearing no interest. The advance is essentially a forgivable loan and shall only be repayable if the Lytton IV project fails to remain available to very low-income households as approved by HUD through June 1, 2035.
- (E) City of Palo Alto note dated November 30, 1993, bearing 5% simple interest per annum beginning December 1, 1995. Payments may only be made from residual receipts with the approval of HUD. The balance of principal and accrued interest is due at maturity on June 1, 2035. The term is designed to coincide with the closing of the HUD Capital Advance period. At this time, the City of Palo Alto has an option to acquire the Lytton IV project in exchange for cancellation of the principal and accrued interest outstanding at that date.
- (F) Mortgage loan payable; insured by the Federal Housing Administration under the provisions of Section 207, pursuant to Section 223(f) of the *National Housing Act*; dated June 1, 2013 with an initial term of 35 years; secured by first deed of trust on real property; bearing interest at 3.22% per annum. Principal and interest are payable in monthly installments of \$23; due in full June 1, 2048.
- (G) HUD Section 202 Capital Advance dated February 1, 2007; secured by first deed of trust on the property; bearing no interest. The advance is essentially a forgivable loan and shall only be repayable if the JSH project fails to remain available to very low-income households as approved by HUD for a 40-year period from March 2008 through February 2048.
- (H) Housing Authority of the City of Santa Rosa note dated February 10, 2006; secured by second deed of trust on the property; bearing 3% simple interest per annum from the date of each advance beginning February 2004. Payment of principal and interest is to be made from 75% of annual "Surplus Cash," if any (as defined by the loan agreement), paid only from residual receipts and only with the approval of HUD. The balance of principal and accrued interest is due at maturity in February 2048. The 42-year term is designed to coincide with the closing of the HUD Capital Advance period. At this time, the City of Santa Rosa has an option to acquire the JSH project in exchange for cancellation of the principal and accrued interest outstanding at that date.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

- (I) Affordable Housing Program (AHP) direct subsidy repayment to Sonoma National Bank dated November 1, 2006; secured by third deed of trust on the property; bearing no interest. The subsidy will be forgiven in full on June 1, 2023 as long as the property has maintained affordability limits as required by the AHP.
- (J) CSCDA Variable Rate Demand Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds 2005 Series L dated June 1, 2005 in the original amount of \$11,450, which was reduced to \$3,820 on November 15, 2007. The bonds bear variable rates of interest determined weekly by the remarketing agent; payable monthly and mature on December 15, 2037; secured by the borrower's leasehold interest in land and ownership of improvements. The interest rate at December 31, 2022 and 2021 was 3.37% and 0.37%, respectively.
- (K) HUD Section 221(d)(4) mortgage loan agreement for borrowings up to \$23,533 for the construction and rehabilitation of BCSH. Note dated January 1, 2017 with an initial term of 41 years; bearing interest of 4.11% per annum. Principal and accrued interest are due in full on October 1, 2058.

The Master Indenture for (A), (B), and (C) above contains various restrictive covenants, which, among other things, require the maintenance of certain financial ratios, including a debt service coverage ratio of 1.20. All outstanding bonds are collateralized by the gross revenues of the Obligated Group.

Under the terms of HUD-insured mortgages, certain entities included in CAC are required to maintain reserve accounts for replacements that are included in assets limited as to use on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. These entities are also subject to restrictions on acquisition, use, and disposition of the mortgaged property and revenues derived therefrom.

Scheduled annual principal payments on long-term debt at March 31, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending March 31,

2024	\$ 8,966
2025	9,152
2026	9,349
2027	9,586
2028	9,837
Thereafter	 396,450
	\$ 443,340

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Note 12: Revenue Recognition

Resident and Patient Service Revenue

Resident service revenue is the amount that reflects the consideration to which the Corporation expects to be entitled in exchange for standing ready to provide services to the residents under a continuing care contract. The nonrefundable portion of the entrance fee payment is recognized on a straight-line basis over the expected life of the resident(s), which is when the performance obligations are satisfied. The monthly service fees are billed monthly and are recognized as performance obligations are satisfied.

Patient service revenue is reported at the amount that reflects the consideration to which the Corporation expects to be entitled in exchange for providing patient care. These amounts are due from patients, third-party payors (including health insurers and government programs), and others and include variable consideration for retroactive revenue adjustments due to settlement of audits, reviews, and investigations. Generally, the Corporation bills the patients and third-party payors monthly after the services are performed or the patient is discharged from the care center, and patient accounts receivable are due in full when billed. Revenue is recognized as performance obligations are satisfied.

Performance Obligations

Performance obligations are determined based on the nature of the services provided by the Corporation. Revenue for performance obligations satisfied over time is recognized based on actual charges incurred in relation to total expected charges. The Corporation believes that this method provides a faithful depiction of the transfer of services over the term of the performance obligation based on the inputs needed to satisfy the obligation. The Corporation measures performance obligations for resident service revenue from admission to the care center to the point when it is no longer required to provide services to that resident, which is generally at the time of discharge. The Corporation measures performance obligations for resident service revenue and resident fee revenue as a series of distinct services that are considered one performance obligation that is satisfied over time.

Transaction Price

The Corporation determines the transaction price based on standard charges for goods and services provided reduced by explicit price concessions, which consist of contractual adjustments provided to third-party payors. The Corporation determines its estimates of contractual adjustments and discounts based on contractual agreements, discount policies, and historical experience. The Corporation determines its estimate of implicit price concessions based on its historical collection experience with this class of residents.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Third-Party Payors

Agreements with third-party payors typically provide for payments at amounts less than established charges. A summary of the payment arrangements with major third-party payors follows:

Medicare – Services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries for skilled nursing are reimbursed under a prospective methodology, and no additional settlement will be made on the difference between the per diem rates paid and actual cost.

Medi-Cal – Reimbursements for Medi-Cal services are generally paid at prospectively determined rates per day.

Other – Payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers provide for payment using prospectively determined rates per day.

Laws and regulations concerning government programs, including Medicare and Medi-Cal, are complex and subject to varying interpretation. As a result of investigations by governmental agencies, various healthcare organizations have received requests for information and notices regarding alleged noncompliance with those laws and regulations, which, in some instances, have resulted in organizations entering into significant settlement agreements. Compliance with such laws and regulations may also be subject to future government review and interpretation, as well as significant regulatory action, including fines, penalties, and potential exclusion from the related programs. There can be no assurance that regulatory authorities will not challenge the Corporation's compliance with these laws and regulations, and it is not possible to determine the impact (if any) such claims or penalties would have upon the Corporation. In addition, the contracts the Corporation has with commercial payors also provide for retroactive audit and review of claims.

Revenue Composition

The Corporation has determined that the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by the following factors: payors and service lines.

Details of these factors for the years ended March 31 are presented below:

		Care			M	lemory		
	Center		Residential		Care		Total	
2023								
Medicare	\$	23,957	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23,957
Medi-Cal		25,075		-		-		25,075
Other third-party payors		7,248		-		-		7,248
Private		16,922		221,550		17,255		255,727
Amortization of entrance fees				37,371		-		37,371
	\$	73,202	\$	258,921	\$	17,255	\$	349,378

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

	Care Center		Residential		Memory Care		Total	
2022								
Medicare	\$	23,619	\$	532	\$	-	\$	24,151
Medi-Cal		23,258		-		-		23,258
Other third-party payors		7,036		-		-		7,036
Private		17,787		208,385		16,444		242,616
Amortization of entrance fees				38,121				38,121
	\$	71,700	\$	247,038	\$	16,444	\$	335,182

Contract Balances

Amounts related to healthcare services provided to patients that have not been billed and that do not meet the conditions of an unconditional right to payment at the end of the reporting period are contract assets. As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, there are no contract assets.

Amounts received related to services that have not yet been provided to residents or patients are contract liabilities. Contract liabilities consist of deferred revenues from entrance fees received from residents.

Significant changes in contract liabilities (deferred revenues from entrance fees) during each period are as follows:

April 1, 2022		Additions		Refunds		Amortization		M	arch 31, 2023		
\$	225,133	\$	54,292	\$	(3,043)	\$	(37,371)	\$	239,011		
,	April 1, 2021	Entra from A	eferred ance Fees Acquisition Vote 2)	Ac	dditions	R	efunds	Am	ortization	M	larch 31, 2022
\$	41,102	\$	168,347	\$	75,957	\$	(22,152)	\$	(38,121)	\$	225,133

The following table provides information about the Corporation's receivables from contracts with customers:

	 2023	2022		
Resident and patient accounts receivable, beginning of year	\$ 9,377	\$	5,836	
Resident and patient accounts receivable, end of year	\$ 14,782	\$	9,377	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Financing Component

The Corporation has elected the practical expedient allowed under ASC 606-10-32-18 and does not adjust the promised amount of consideration from patients and third-party payors for the effects of a significant financing component due to the Corporation's expectation that the period between the time the service is provided to a patient and the time the patient or a third-party payor pays for that service will be one year or less. However, the Corporation does, in certain instances, enter into payment agreements with patients that allow payments in excess of one year. For those cases, the financing component is not deemed to be significant to the contract.

Contract Costs

The Corporation has applied the practical expedient provided by ASC 340-40-25-4, and all incremental resident contract acquisition costs are expensed as they are incurred, as the amortization period of the asset that the Corporation otherwise would have recognized is one year or less in duration. However, incremental costs incurred to obtain resident contracts for which the amortization period of the asset that the Corporation otherwise would have recognized is longer than one year are capitalized and amortized over the life of the contract based on the pattern of revenue recognition from these contracts. The Corporation regularly evaluates its resident contract costs and considers whether they should be capitalized over the life of the contract. These amounts are not considered to be significant to the overall consolidated financial statements and are expensed as incurred since they have a minimal effect on operations.

Affordable Housing Fees and Rents

Affordable housing fees and rents consist of rental income and contract services revenue. Rental income is shown at its maximum gross potential. Rental income is derived from rental rates subject to HUD approval. Vacancy loss is shown as a reduction in rental income. Rental units occupied by employees are included in rental income and as an expense of operations. Other income includes fees for late payments, cleaning, damages, laundry facilities, and other charges and is recorded when earned. Contract services revenue is received when customers simultaneously receive and consume the benefits provided by CAC's performance required under various agreements that entail providing Resource Service Coordinators to support residents at the customer locations. The revenue is recorded as earned when services are provided. CAC recognizes revenue for services under the resident agreements in accordance with the provisions of ASC Topic 842, *Leases*, which is recognized as services are performed.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Note 13: Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions are available for the following purposes or periods at March 31:

	2023	 2022
Resident assistance and special projects	\$ 13,045	\$ 16,762
Scholarships	769	828
Trusts and annuities	4,240	1,474
Other	8,514	7,520
Investments to be held in perpetuity, the income is expendable	8,900	 8,678
	\$ 35,468	\$ 35,262

Net assets with donor restrictions are held by supporting organizations and releases are not subject solely to the Corporation meeting the restriction.

Net assets with donor restrictions were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purposes or by occurrence of the passage of time or other events specified as follows:

	 2023	 2022
Resident assistance and operations	\$ 2,501	\$ 987
Scholarships	106	97
Community fund and other	 597	 2,988
	\$ 3,204	\$ 4,072

Note 14: Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions

A portion of net assets without donor restrictions at March 31 is designated by the board for the following purposes:

	 2023	2022
Innovation Fund	\$ 800	\$ 800
Affordable Housing Fund	1,995	1,995
Dr. Darby Betts Fund	1,428	1,493
Resident assistance and special projects	5,394	3,497
Restricted deposits and funded reserves	12,995	12,337
Other funds	 45	 45
	\$ 22,657	\$ 20,167

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Note 15: Endowment

The Corporation's endowment consists of numerous individual funds established for a variety of purposes. The endowment includes only donor-restricted endowment funds. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, net assets associated with endowment funds, including board-designated endowment funds, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The Corporation's board of directors has interpreted the *State of California's Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act* (SPMIFA) as requiring preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result, the Corporation classifies amounts in its donor-restricted endowment funds as net assets with donor restrictions because those net assets are time-restricted until the governing body appropriates such amounts for expenditures. Most of these net assets also are subject to purpose restrictions that must be met before being reclassified as net assets without donor restrictions. In accordance with SPMIFA, the Corporation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- 1. Duration and preservation of the fund
- 2. Purposes of the Corporation and the fund
- 3. General economic conditions
- 4. Possible effect of inflation and deflation
- 5. Expected total return from investment income and appreciation or depreciation of investments
- 6. Other resources of the Corporation
- 7. Investment policies of the Corporation

The endowment funds at March 31, 2023 and 2022 were entirely donor-restricted endowment funds and are reflected in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as net assets with donor restrictions of \$12,031 and \$12,929, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Changes in endowment net assets for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 were:

Endowment net assets, April 1, 2021	\$ 11,766
Investment return Contributions	542 621
Endowment net assets, March 31, 2022	12,929
Investment return	(898)
Endowment net assets, March 31, 2023	\$ 12,031

The Corporation has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs and other items supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchase power of the endowment. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted endowment funds the Corporation must hold in perpetuity or for donor-specified periods as well as those of board-designated endowment funds, if any. Under the Corporation's policies, endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce results over time that provide sufficient growth of principal to endow the long-term operations of the Corporation. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

To satisfy its long-term rate of return objectives, the Corporation relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both current yield (investment income, such as dividends and interest) and capital appreciation (both realized and unrealized). The Corporation targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

Note 16: Liquidity and Availability

The Corporation's financial assets available to meet general expenditures within one year of the balance sheet date are:

	 2023	2022
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 54,383 472,277	\$ 58,539 554,625
Resident and patient accounts receivable Other receivables	 14,782 1,219	 9,377 1,588
Financial assets available to meet general expenditures within one year	\$ 542,661	\$ 624,129

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

The Corporation has certain board-designated assets that are available for general expenditures within one year in the normal course of operations (see *Note 14*). Accordingly, these assets have been included in the information above for financial assets available to meet general expenditures within one year.

The Corporation has assets limited as to use for debt service, deposit subscriptions held in trust, refundable entrance fees, donor restriction, and various required reserves. These assets limited as to use, which are more fully described in *Notes 1* and 4, are not available for general expenditure within the next year. The Corporation does not have a specific liquidity policy.

Note 17: Uncompensated Community Benefits

Each year, the Corporation provides services to residents with limited means and benefits to the broader community. The cost of such services is reported on the Corporation's IRS Form 990. Additionally, the Corporation accepts Medi-Cal patients for which it is reimbursed at amounts that do not cover the cost of healthcare services provided. The estimated cost, based on historical cost-to-revenue ratios by community, of providing such under-reimbursed care in excess of reimbursements received was \$5,998 and \$762 for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Note 18: Functional Expenses

The Corporation provides residential and healthcare services to residents. Certain costs attributable to more than one function have been allocated among the residential and healthcare services, program services, and general and administrative functional expense classifications based on direct assignment, expenses, and other methods.

The following schedules present the natural classification of expenses by function as follows for the years ended March 31:

	and	esidential Healthcare Services	ogram ervices	 neral and inistrative
2023				
Salaries and wages	\$	102,472	\$ -	\$ 36,238
Employee benefits		31,715	-	9,471
Professional services		23,919	-	13,365
Supplies and other		73,579	3,422	19,957
Depreciation and amortization		75,854	-	5,376
Interest and other financing costs		9,167	 	 4,210
Total expenses	\$	316,706	\$ 3,422	\$ 88,617

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

	and	esidential Healthcare Services	ogram ervices	neral and inistrative
2022				
Salaries and wages	\$	97,659	\$ -	\$ 34,210
Employee benefits		33,870	-	12,227
Professional services		20,155	-	10,818
Supplies and other		67,260	3,528	15,741
Depreciation and amortization		73,509	-	6,914
Interest and other financing costs		13,205		1,520
Total expenses	\$	305,658	\$ 3,528	\$ 81,430

Note 19: Pension and Other Employee Benefit Plans

403(b) Defined Contribution Plans and Supplemental Retirement Plan

The Corporation sponsors a 403(b) defined contribution plan for its employees. Under the current plan, all employees with at least one year of service are eligible to participate, and the Corporation contributes an amount equal to 3% of each participant's compensation. Additionally, the Corporation provides an executive supplemental retirement plan and contributes 4.5% of each participant's compensation. Expense for all retirement plans, equal to the contributions, totaled \$2,495 and \$2,565 for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The Communities sponsors a separate 403(b) defined contribution plan for its employees and employees of CAC. Under the current plan, all employees with more than 1,000 hours of service within the first year of employment are eligible to participate. The Communities contributes an amount equal to 5% of each participant's compensation for all Communities employees hired prior to January 1, 2021 and all CAC employees hired before January 1, 2022. The Communities contributes 3% of each participant's compensation for employees hired after these dates. Expense for this retirement plan, equal to the contribution, totaled \$2,002 and \$2,930 for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Deferred Compensation Plans

The Corporation offers a nonqualified deferred compensation plan to a select group of management that provides the opportunity to defer a specified percentage of their cash compensation. Participants may elect to defer up to 30% of their annual base salary. In addition, the Corporation offers an at-risk compensation plan that requires a mandatory 30% of any at-risk pay awarded to be held as deferred compensation. Participants may elect to defer the remaining 70% of their award. The Corporation's obligations under this plan are unfunded for tax purposes and for purposes of Title 1 of the *Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974* and are unsecured general obligations of the Corporation to pay in the future the value of the deferred compensation adjusted

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

to reflect the performance, whether positive or negative, of selected investment measurement options chosen by each participant during the deferral period. As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, \$636 and \$1,129, respectively, of deferred compensation is accrued and included in other accrued liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

The Communities also maintains, for certain key employees, a nonqualified supplementary deferred compensation plan that provides a defined contribution benefit pursuant to Sections 409A and 457(f) of the Code. All participants are awarded an annual retention benefit annually. Each award vests on the earlier of the participant's death or disability, reaching the age of 65, or five years after the award is made. As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, \$1,044 and \$1,053, respectively, of deferred compensation is accrued and included in other accrued liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Defined Benefit Plan

The Communities has a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan that provides benefits under retirement annuity contracts. Salaried and hourly employees who have attained the age of 21 and have performed 1,000 hours of service in the plan year are eligible to participate in the plan upon completion of one year of continuous employment. The Communities' funding policy is to make the actuarially determined annual contribution. The defined benefit pension plan was frozen effective December 31, 2020.

The Communities uses a March 31 measurement date for the plan. The plan was acquired by the Corporation as a part of the acquisition of Covia (*Note 2*). Beginning balances in 2022 noted below are the assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Information about the plan's funded status follows:

	2023	2022
Change in benefit obligation		
Beginning of year	\$ 55,742	\$ 61,614
Interest cost	1,982	1,889
Actuarial gains	(6,595)	(5,258)
Benefits paid	(2,702)	(2,503)
End of year	48,427	55,742
Change in fair value of plan assets		
Beginning of year	59,115	60,222
Actual return on plan assets	(3,955)	1,396
Benefits paid	(2,702)	(2,503)
End of year	52,458	59,115
Funded status at measurement date	\$ 4,031	\$ 3,373

The net pension asset is recognized in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as a noncurrent asset.

Amounts recognized in the change in net assets not yet recognized as components of net periodic benefit cost consist of unrecognized net loss of \$7,073 and \$5,821 during 2023 and 2022, respectively. The accumulated benefit obligation for the plan was \$48,427 and \$55,742 at March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Components of net periodic benefit cost are:

	 2023	2022
Interest cost Expected return on plan assets Amortization of net loss	\$ 1,982 (3,892)	\$ 1,889 (3,946) 390
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ (1,910)	\$ (1,667)

The components of net periodic benefit cost other than the service cost component are included in other income (expense) in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in change in net assets:

	 2023		2022
Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in net assets without donor restrictions Net actuarial gain (loss)	\$ 1,380	\$	(2,575)
Amortization of net loss	 	Ψ	(390)
Amount recognized in net assets without donor restrictions at measurement date	1,380		(2,965)
Total recognized in net periodic benefit cost and net assets without donor restrictions at measurement date	\$ (530)	\$	(4,632)

The estimated net gain or loss that will be amortized into net periodic benefit cost over the next fiscal year is \$0. Significant assumptions include:

	2023	2022
Actuarial present value of the benefit obligation		
Weighted-average discount rate	4.85%	3.65%
Rate of increase in future compensation levels	N/A	N/A
Long-term rate of return on plan assets	N/A	N/A
Net periodic benefit cost		
Weighted-average discount rate	3.65%	3.15%
Rate of increase in future compensation levels	N/A	N/A
Long-term rate of return on plan assets	6.75%	6.75%

The Communities has estimated the long-term rate of return on plan assets based primarily on historical returns on plan assets, adjusted for changes in target portfolio allocations and recent changes in long-term interest rates based on publicly available information.

The following benefit payments, which reflect expected future service, as appropriate, are expected to be paid as of March 31, 2023:

2024	\$ 3,030
2025	\$ 2,870
2026	\$ 2,920
2027	\$ 2,980
2028	\$ 3,050
2029–2033	\$ 15,610

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Plan assets are held by a bank-administered trust fund, which invests the plan assets in accordance with the provisions of the plan's investment policy statement. The plan's investment policy statement permits investment in common stocks, corporate bonds and debentures, U.S. government securities, certain insurance contracts, real estate, and other specified investments based on certain target allocation percentages. The investment policy statement also contains provisions requiring diversification of investments.

Asset allocation is primarily based on a strategy to provide stable earnings while still permitting the plan to recognize potentially higher returns through a limited investment in equity securities. The target asset allocation percentages are as follows:

	2023	2022
Equity securities	65%	65%
Fixed income securities	30%	30%
Real estate	5%	5%
	100%	100%

Equity securities primarily include investments in mutual funds invested in small and midcap companies located in the United States and internationally and pooled separate accounts invested in similar securities. Fixed income securities include mutual funds invested in corporate bonds of companies from diversified industries, mortgage-backed securities, and U.S. Treasury securities. Real estate securities include pooled separate accounts invested in real assets.

Plan assets are rebalanced quarterly. At March 31, plan assets by class are as follows:

	2023	2022
Equity securities	70%	70%
Fixed income securities	25%	24%
Real estate securities	5%	6%
Total	100%	100%

Pension Plan Assets

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for pension plan assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as well as the general classification of pension plan assets pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, plan assets are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Level 1 plan assets include small and midcap domestic equity mutual funds, international equity mutual funds, and fixed income mutual funds. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

plan assets with similar characteristics, or discounted cash flows. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, plan assets are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy. There were no Level 2 or Level 3 plan assets at March 31, 2023 and 2022.

The fair values of the Communities' pension plan assets at March 31 by asset class are as follows:

			Fair Value Measurements Using								
	Fair Value		in Mar Id A	ed Prices Active rkets for entical ssets evel 1)	Signifi Oth Observ Inpu (Leve	er ⁄able ıts	Signit Unobse Inp (Lev	ervable uts			
2023 Mutual funds Small/midcap domestic equity International equity Fixed income	\$	2,804 18,218 13,249	\$	2,804 18,218 13,249	\$	- - -	\$	- - -			
		34,271	\$	34,271	\$		\$				
Investments valued at NAV Pooled separate accounts Total assets at		18,187									
measurement date	\$	52,458									
2022 Mutual funds Small/midcap domestic equity International equity Fixed income	\$	2,937 18,605 14,251	\$	2,937 18,605 14,251	\$	- - -	\$	- - -			
		35,793	\$	35,793	\$		\$				
Investments valued at NAV Pooled separate accounts		23,322									
Total assets at measurement date	\$	59,115									

Certain investments that are measured at fair value using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

included above are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Pooled separate accounts (PSA) include investments in large and small cap funds that invest mainly in domestic equity and a real estate fund. The PSAs can be redeemed at NAV as of the measurement date, redeemed on a daily basis, and unfunded commitments are not applicable to PSAs. The Corporation has determined that the PSAs do not have a readily determinable fair value. At March 31, 2023 and 2022, the timing of liquidation of these assets and the date when restrictions on redemption might lapse are unknown.

Note 20: Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets
- **Level 3** Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and significant to the fair value of the assets

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Recurring Measurements

The following tables present the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at March 31:

			Fair Value Measurements Using							
	Fair Value		ir Ma Ic	ted Prices Active rkets for dentical Assets Level 1)	Obs I	nificant Other servable nputs evel 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
2023										
Financial assets										
Equities – domestic	\$	190,136	\$	190,136	\$		\$			
Equities – domestic Equities – international	Ψ	122,473	Ψ	122,473	Ψ	_	Ψ	_		
Money market mutual funds		5,025		5,025		_		_		
Certificates of deposit		1,957		-		1,957		_		
Commodity mutual funds		14,176		14,176		, -		_		
Other mutual funds		64,849		64,849		-		-		
U.S. Treasury and U.S.										
agency securities		28,111		17,002		11,109		-		
Corporate bonds and										
commercial paper		59,031		42,331		16,700		-		
Municipal securities		1,298		-		1,298		-		
Beneficial interest in		0.50						0.60		
perpetual trust		968		<u>-</u>				968		
		488,024	\$	455,992	\$	31,064	\$	968		
Investments valued at NAV (A)										
Limited partnership		16,240								
Elimied partiership		10,240								
Cash and cash equivalents										
(at cost)		41,594								
		,								
Total investments and assets limited as to use	\$	545,858								
Dagairable from supporting										
Receivable from supporting organization	\$	850	\$	_	\$		\$	850		

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

			Fair Value Measurements Using							
	Fair Value		ir Ma	ted Prices Active rkets for Assets Level 1)	ı	gnificant Other Inputs Level 2)	Îr	nificant iputs evel 3)		
2022										
Financial assets										
Equities – domestic	\$	254,812	\$	254,812	\$	-	\$	-		
Equities – international		112,556		112,556		-		-		
Money market mutual funds		5,265		5,265		-		=		
Certificates of deposit		841		-		841		-		
Commodity mutual funds		17,043		17,043		-		-		
Other mutual funds		73,465		73,465		-		-		
U.S. Treasury and U.S.										
agency securities		9,145		6,698		2,447		-		
Corporate bonds and										
commercial paper		91,600		67,035		24,565		-		
Beneficial interest in		1 100						1 100		
perpetual trust		1,122						1,122		
		565,849	\$	536,874	\$	27,853	\$	1,122		
Investments valued at NAV (A) Limited partnership		15,115								
Cash and cash equivalents (at cost)		47,593								
Total investments and assets limited as to use	\$	628,557								
Receivable from supporting organization	\$	1,063	\$		\$		\$	1,063		

(A) Certain investments that are measured at fair value using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts included above are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies and inputs used for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, as well as the general classification of such assets pursuant to the valuation hierarchy. There have been no significant changes in the valuation techniques during the year ended March 31, 2023. For

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

assets classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, the process used to develop the reported fair value is described below.

Investments

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, investments are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Level 1 investments include various mutual funds, certain corporate bonds and commercial paper, U.S. Treasury and U.S. agency securities, and exchange-traded equity securities. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of investments with similar characteristics, or discounted cash flows. Level 2 investments include certain corporate bonds and commercial paper, U.S. Treasury and U.S. agency securities, and certificates of deposit. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, investments are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

Alternative Investments

Investments in certain entities measured at fair value using the NAV per share as a practical expedient consisted of the following at March 31:

	<u>Fa</u>	ir Value	Unfunded Commitment		Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
2023 Limited partnership	\$	16,240	\$	-	Quarterly	60 days
2022 Limited partnership	\$	15,115	\$	-	Quarterly	60 days

Limited partnerships invest in multi-asset classes – common stocks that are traded on a national securities exchange; fixed income securities, including bank loans, high-yield corporate bonds, and restricted high-yield corporate bonds; and forward foreign currency contracts entered for hedging against fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. The fair values of investments in this category have been estimated using NAV per share of investments at the percentage of the Corporation's ownership shares, which was 1.42% at March 31, 2023 and 2022. At March 31, 2023 and 2022, the timing of liquidation of these assets and the date when restrictions from redemption might lapse are unknown.

Beneficial Interest in Perpetual Trust

Fair value is estimated at the Corporation's percentage of the fair value of the underlying assets held in trust. Due to the perpetual existence of the trust, the beneficial interest is classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Receivable from Supporting Organization

Fair value is estimated at the present value of the future distributions from the supporting organization. Due to the nature of the valuation inputs, the receivable from supporting organization is classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

Level 3 Reconciliation

The following is a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances of recurring fair value measurements recognized in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets using significant unobservable (Level 3) inputs:

	Sup	ceivable from oporting anization	Inte Per	neficial erest in rpetual Trust
Balance, April 1, 2021	\$	15,199	\$	-
Settlement of receivable on acquisition (see <i>Note 2</i>)		(13,985)		-
Acquisition of beneficial interest in perpetual trust		-		1,134
Total realized and unrealized loss included in change in net assets		(151)		(12)
Balance, March 31, 2022		1,063		1,122
Total realized and unrealized loss included in change in net assets		(213)		(154)
Balance, March 31, 2023	\$	850	\$	968
Total losses for the period included in change in net assets attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses related to assets and liabilities still held at the reporting date				
Year ended March 31, 2022	\$	(151)	\$	(12)
Year ended March 31, 2023	\$	(213)	\$	(154)

Note 21: Asset Retirement Obligations

ASC 410, Asset Retirement and Environmental Obligations, requires that an asset retirement obligation (ARO) associated with the retirement of a tangible long-lived asset be recognized as a liability in the period in which it is incurred or becomes determinable (as defined by the standard) even when the timing and/or method of settlement may be conditional on a future event.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

The Corporation has AROs arising from regulatory requirements to perform asbestos abatement at the time certain property is disposed of. The liability, included in asset retirement obligations in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, was initially measured at fair value based upon historical removal costs per square foot applied to assets identified as requiring asbestos abatement and is subsequently adjusted for accretion expense and changes in the amount or timing of the estimated cash flows. The corresponding asset retirement costs are capitalized as part of the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset and depreciated over the asset's useful life. The following table presents the activity for the AROs for the years ended March 31:

	 2023	 2022		
Balance, beginning of year Change in estimate and accretion expense	\$ 1,948 (241)	\$ 2,067 (119)		
Balance, end of year	\$ 1,707	\$ 1,948		

Note 22: Significant Estimates and Concentrations

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require disclosure of certain significant estimates and current vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations. Those matters include the following:

Variable Consideration

Estimates of variable consideration in determining the transaction price for resident and patient service revenue are described in *Notes 1* and *12*.

Investments

The Corporation invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Self-Insurance Claims

Estimates related to the accrual for self-insured workers' compensation claims are described in *Notes 1* and 9.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Litigation

In the normal course of business, the Corporation is, from time to time, subject to allegations that may or do result in litigation. The Corporation evaluates such allegations by conducting investigations to determine the validity of each potential claim. Based upon the advice of counsel, and an independent actuary with respect to workers' compensation claims, management records an estimate of the amount of ultimate expected loss, if any, for each of these matters. Events could occur that would cause the estimate of ultimate loss to differ materially in the near term.

Regulatory Matters

The healthcare industry is subject to numerous laws and regulations of federal, state, and local governments. These laws and regulations include, but are not necessarily limited to, matters such as licensure, accreditation, government healthcare program participation requirements, and reimbursement for patient services. Government activity has continued with respect to investigations and allegations concerning possible violations of fraud and abuse statutes and regulations by healthcare providers. Violations of these laws and regulations could result in expulsion from government healthcare programs with the imposition of significant fines and penalties, as well as significant repayments for patient services previously billed. In addition, changes to the regulatory environment could negatively impact the Corporation's consolidated financial position.

Asset Retirement Obligations

As discussed in *Note 21*, the Corporation has recorded a liability for its conditional AROs related to asbestos abatement.

Note 23: Refundable and Amortized Entrance Fees and Deferred Revenue

Entrance fee arrangements apply to 12 of the Corporation's facilities as of March 31, 2023 and 2022. For the right to occupy a unit for life and to receive certain services at these facilities, residents are required to pay an upfront entrance fee. The entrance fee is based upon the type of unit rented and the monthly payment plan selected by the resident. In addition, residents are charged monthly service fees. Service fees are established at the inception of residency and may be increased by the Corporation, provided a 60-day advance notice is given to the resident.

The resident may voluntarily withdraw from the facility upon rendering proper notification. Upon voluntary withdrawal, a repayment of part or all of the entrance fees and monthly care fees may occur.

The following is a summary of the withdrawal clauses:

• If the resident voluntarily withdraws within the first seven days, all amounts will be repaid.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

- If voluntary withdrawal or death occurs within 90 days of the contract date, an amount equal to the entrance fee and the monthly care fee, less any amounts used to care for the resident during the time of the residency, will be repaid to the resident, estate, trust, heirs, or representatives.
- For amortized contracts, if voluntary withdrawal occurs subsequent to the 90-day period, the amount repaid shall be equal to the entrance fee, less an amount amortized on a basis ranging from 60 to 67 months from the date of the agreement. If voluntary withdrawal occurs after the "amortization period," as defined in the resident contract, no repayment shall be awarded. If death occurs more than 90 days after the contract date, entrance fees are either retained by the Corporation or partially refunded based upon the individual facility's contracts.
- For repayable contracts, upon withdrawal of a resident for any reason subsequent to the 90-day period, the repayable percentage of the entrance fee will be repaid to the resident, estate, trust, heirs, or representatives within 14 calendar days of the Corporation's receipt of a new entrance fee or, in certain circumstances, monthly fee contract for the unit.

The estimated amount of entrance fees expected to be repaid to current residents within one year totaled \$21,674 and \$19,351 at March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and is recorded as current other accrued expenses in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. These estimates are based on the Corporation's historical repayment experience and the Corporation's repayment policy. At March 31, 2023 and 2022, \$142,361 and \$155,834, respectively, is contractually repayable under these agreements, which represents the amount due to residents if all residents were to cancel their contracts at that date based on the repayment policies above. The contractually repayable amount, net of estimated repayable entrance fees described above, is included in refundable entrance fees and deferred revenue from entrance fees in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Entrance fees subject to refund or reoccupancy and actual refunds disbursed as of and for the year ended March 31, 2023 are \$205,864 and \$19,809, respectively. Entrance fees subject to refund or reoccupancy and actual refunds disbursed as of and for the year ended March 31, 2022 are \$208,952 and \$18,440, respectively.

Note 24: Leases

Nature of Leases

The Corporation has entered into the following operating lease arrangements:

The Corporation has certain leases with related parties, which are eliminated in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. See *Note 1* for further description of these leases.

The Corporation has leases for office space at various locations that expire in various years through 2038. These leases generally contain renewal options for periods ranging from 5 to 10 years and require the Corporation to pay all executory costs (property taxes, maintenance, and insurance).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

Lease payments are based on a fair value cost per square foot. Termination of the lease is generally prohibited unless there is a violation under the lease agreement.

The Corporation has certain other operating leases, including leases with expected lease terms of less than 12 months, for various equipment, vehicles, and space that are not material at March 31, 2023 and 2022.

Accounting Policies

The Corporation determines if an arrangement is a lease or contains a lease at inception. Leases result in the recognition of right-of-use (ROU) assets and lease liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. ROU assets represent the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, and lease liabilities represent the obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease measured on a discounted basis. The Corporation determines lease classification as operating or finance at the lease commencement date.

The Corporation combines lease and nonlease components, such as common area and other maintenance costs, in calculating the ROU assets and lease liabilities for its office buildings and equipment.

At lease inception, the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments over the lease term. The ROU asset equals the lease liability adjusted for any initial direct costs, prepaid or deferred rent, and lease incentives. The Corporation has made a policy election to use a risk-free rate (the rate of a zero-coupon U.S. Treasury instrument) for the initial and subsequent measurement of all lease liabilities. The risk-free rate is determined using a period comparable with the lease term.

The lease term may include options to extend or terminate the lease that the Corporation is reasonably certain to exercise. Lease expense is generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Corporation has elected not to record leases with an initial term of 12 months or less on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Lease expense on such leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Thousands)

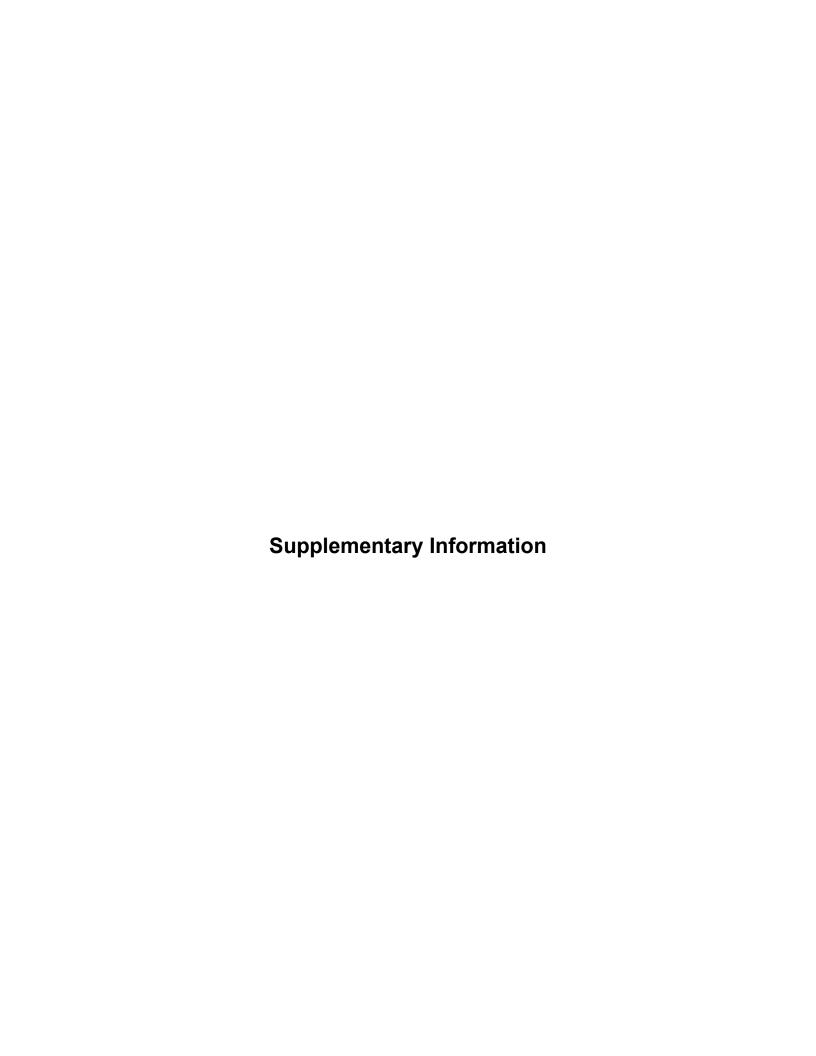
Quantitative Disclosures

The lease cost and other required information for the years ended March 31 are:

		2023	2022
Operating lease cost	\$	2,101	\$ 2,234
Short-term lease cost		1,510	 535
Total lease cost	\$	3,611	\$ 2,769
Other required information			
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilitie	S		
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$	2,528	\$ 2,617
ROU assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities	\$	898	\$ 141
Weighted-average remaining lease term			
Operating leases		6.72 years	7.27 years
Weighted-average discount rate		•	•
Operating leases		4.2%	4.2%

Future minimum lease payments and reconciliation to the accompanying consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2023 are as follows:

	Operating <u>Leases</u>					
2024	\$	2,342				
2025		1,470				
2026		1,305				
2027		1,268				
2028		1,231				
Thereafter		3,921				
		11,537				
Less interest		1,745				
Operating lease liabilities	\$	9,792				



Consolidating Schedule – Balance Sheet Information March 31, 2023 (In Thousands)

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Assets	 bligated Group	Fou	ındation		fordable ousing	Elin	ninations	Co	nsolidated
Current Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,097	\$	4,714	\$	36,572	\$	-	\$	54,383
Short-term investments	6,974		727		-		-		7,701
Assets limited as to use - required for current liabilities	15,285		-		119		-		15,404
Resident and patient accounts receivable	12,321		-		2,461		-		14,782
Prepaid expenses and other	10,335		620		1,154		-		12,109
Intercompany receivables	 6,123						(6,123)		
Total current assets	 64,135		6,061		40,306		(6,123)		104,379
Investments									
Assets limited as to use, net of current portion	9,350		30,561		18,266		-		58,177
Long-term investments	 446,804		18,840		479		(1,547)		464,576
Total investments	 456,154		49,401		18,745		(1,547)		522,753
Property and Equipment, Net	 922,123		12		271,871		(25)		1,193,981
Other Assets									
Receivable from supporting organization	850		-		-		-		850
ROU assets – operating leases	8,811		-		2,149		(2,149)		8,811
Other receivables	471		748		-		-		1,219
Other assets	11,620		-		4,262		-		15,882
In-place leases Net pension asset	52,376		-		-		-		52,376
•	 4,031								4,031
Total other assets	 78,159		748		6,411		(2,149)		83,169
Total assets	\$ 1,520,571	\$	56,222	\$	337,333	\$	(9,844)	\$	1,904,282
Liabilities and Net Assets									
Current Liabilities									
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 8,560	\$	-	\$	406	\$	-	\$	8,966
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	1,964		-		114		(114)		1,964
Accounts payable	22,636		51		1,245		(58)		23,874
Accrued payroll and related expenses	15,656		-		763		-		16,419
Intercompany payables	-		2,809		3,277		(6,086)		-
Accrued interest Other accrued expenses	6,632		- 12		13		-		6,645
•	 23,857		13		1,206				25,076
Total current liabilities	79,305		2,873		7,024		(6,258)		82,944
Other Liabilities									
Asset retirement obligations	1,707		-		-		-		1,707
Accrued workers' compensation	5,848		-		266		-		6,114
Operating lease liabilities	7,828		-		2,035		(2,035)		7,828
Other accrued liabilities Refundable entrance fees	11,824		5,038		3,095		-		19,957
Deferred revenue from entrance fees	120,687 239,011		-		-		-		120,687 239,011
Long-term debt	409,727		_		48,175		(1,075)		456,827
Total liabilities		-	7,911	-	60,595				,
	 875,937		7,911		60,393		(9,368)		935,075
Net Assets Without donor restrictions	642.050		14 72 1		276 524		(470		022 720
With donor restrictions With donor restrictions	642,950		14,731		276,534		(476)		933,739
	 1,684		33,580		204			_	35,468
Total net assets	 644,634	_	48,311	_	276,738	_	(476)	_	969,207
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 1,520,571	\$	56,222	\$	337,333	\$	(9,844)	\$	1,904,282

Consolidating Schedule – Statement of Operations Information Year Ended March 31, 2023 (In Thousands)

	Obligated Group	Foundation	Affordable Housing	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues, Gains, and Other Support Without Donor					
Restrictions					
Resident and patient service revenue	\$ 312,209	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (202)	\$ 312,007
Amortization of entrance fees	37,371	_	_	- (202)	37,371
Affordable housing fees and rents	-	_	31,053	_	31,053
Other	1,395	103	1,128	(130)	2,496
Net assets released from restrictions used for operations	189	3,015			3,204
Total revenues, gains, and other support					
without donor restrictions	351,164	3,118	32,181	(332)	386,131
Expenses					
Medical services	84,502	_	722	(20)	85,204
Facility operating costs	41,431	_	6,531	(=+)	47,962
Dietary services	57,177	_	115	(182)	57,110
Residential services	29,070	_	3,515	(102)	32,585
Administrative services	71,068	17	8,001	(55)	79,031
Depreciation	64,699	-	6,130	(33)	70,829
Amortization of deferred costs	243		29		272
Interest expense and other financing costs	11,979	_	1,398	_	13,377
Program expenses	11,777	4,272	1,576	(850)	3,422
Other	7,858	2	1,249	(195)	8,914
Total expenses	368,027	4,291	27,690	(1,302)	398,706
Operating Income (Loss) Before Other Operating Activities	(16,863)	(1,173)	4,491	970	(12,575)
Other Operating Activities	(1.520)		(0)		(1.540)
COVID-19-related expenses	(1,539)	-	(9)	-	(1,548)
Amortization of acquired intangible assets and other	(10,401)				(10,401)
Total other operating activities	(11,940)		(9)		(11,949)
Operating Income (Loss)	(28,803)	(1,173)	4,482	970	(24,524)
Other Income (Expense)					
	(21,620)	(1.524)	106		(22.077)
Investment return, net	(31,639)	(1,524)	186	-	(32,977)
Other components of net periodic benefit cost	1,910				1,910
Total other income (expense)	(29,729)	(1,524)	186		(31,067)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenses	(58,532)	(2,697)	4,668	970	(55,591)
Contributions from Affiliates	10,738	-	-	(10,738)	-
Change in Pension Benefit Obligation	(1,380)				(1,380)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	\$ (49,174)	\$ (2,697)	\$ 4,668	\$ (9,768)	\$ (56,971)